

Coalgebra at the CWI: a brief overview

Alexandra Silva

Centrum Wiskunde & Informatica, The Netherlands

CWI post-doc scientific meeting, February 2011

The team



Jan Rutten



Marcello Bonsangue



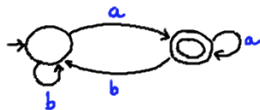
Alexandra Silva



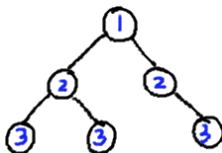
Joost Winter

What is Coalgebra?

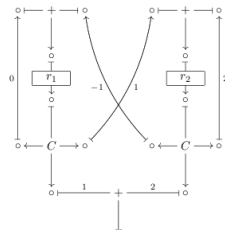
- Mathematical framework to reason about several dynamical systems and models of computation



det. automata



trees



linear systems/
stream circuits

How do we do it?

- In order to study all these systems uniformly we think of them as

$$(S, g: S \rightarrow G(S))$$

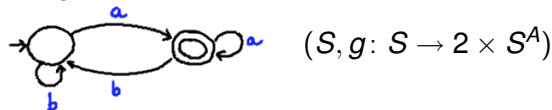
Example:

How do we do it?

- In order to study all these systems uniformly we think of them as

$$(S, g: S \rightarrow G(S))$$

Example:

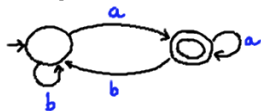


How do we do it?

- In order to study all these systems uniformly we think of them as

$$(S, g: S \rightarrow G(S))$$

Example:



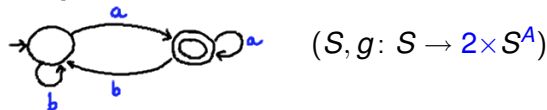
$$(S, g: S \rightarrow 2 \times S^A)$$

How do we do it?

- In order to study all these systems uniformly we think of them as

$$(S, g: S \rightarrow G(S))$$

Example:



- **Universal coalgebra:** the type G is rich enough to determine a notion of behaviour and equivalence

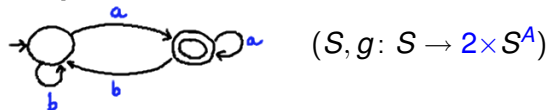


How do we do it?

- In order to study all these systems uniformly we think of them as

$$(S, g: S \rightarrow G(S))$$

Example:



- **Universal coalgebra:** the type G is rich enough to determine a notion of behaviour and equivalence

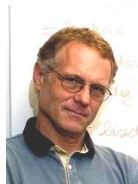
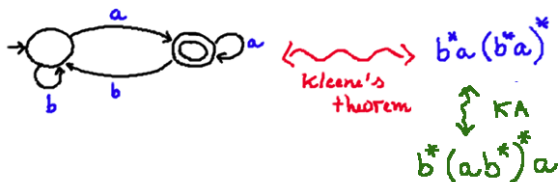
Example: Languages (A^*) and language equivalence



Some of our recent achievements



S. Kleene



D. Kozen

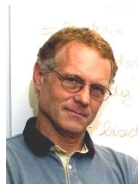
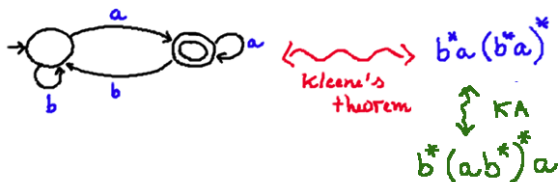
Bonsangue, Rutten & Silva 2009

The results above can be extended **uniformly** to a larger class of systems (*G*-coalgebras), including: labelled transition systems, infinite trees, Mealy machines, probabilistic automata, weighted automata, etc

Some of our recent achievements



S. Kleene



D. Kozen

Bonsangue, Rutten & Silva 2009

The results above can be extended **uniformly** to a larger class of systems (**G**-coalgebras), including: labelled transition systems, infinite trees, Mealy machines, probabilistic automata, weighted automata, etc

What does this yield concretely?

- Languages, axiomatizations and algorithms to reason about equivalence for a **large** class of models
- From the general framework we recover known results (e.g. for LTS Milner's language and axiomatization), but also...
- ... new results, impact in the concurrency community (cf. our CONCUR paper–Bonchi, Bonsangue, Rutten & Silva 2009)

What does this yield concretely?

- Languages, axiomatizations and algorithms to reason about equivalence for a **large** class of models
- From the general framework we recover known results (e.g. for LTS Milner's language and axiomatization), but also...
- ... new results, impact in the concurrency community (cf. our CONCUR paper–Bonchi, Bonsangue, Rutten & Silva 2009)

What does this yield concretely?

- Languages, axiomatizations and algorithms to reason about equivalence for a **large** class of models
- From the general framework we recover known results (e.g. for LTS Milner's language and axiomatization), but also...
- ... new results, impact in the concurrency community (cf. our CONCUR paper—Bonchi, Bonsangue, Rutten & Silva 2009)

What we are looking at now

Context Free languages and grammars

- Is it possible to generalize CFL to other models?

Automation

- Coinduction is very suitable for automation
- Can we provide automatic reasoning on equivalence of models?
- Applications in program schematology, compiler certification, etc

What we are looking at now

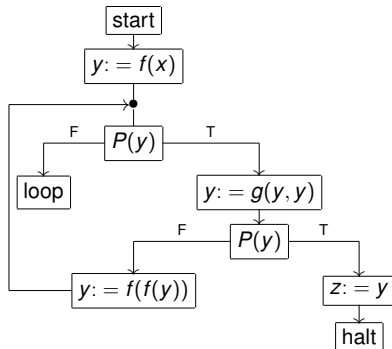
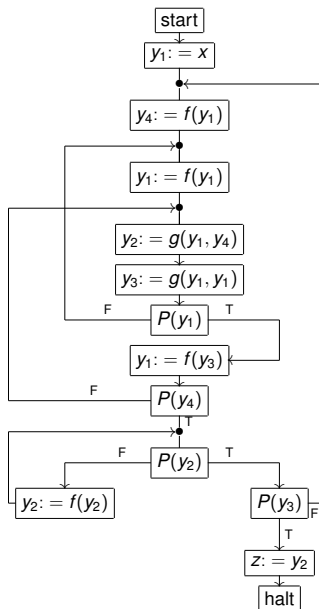
Context Free languages and grammars

- Is it possible to generalize CFL to other models?

Automation

- Coinduction is very suitable for automation
- Can we provide automatic reasoning on equivalence of models?
- Applications in program schematology, compiler certification, etc

What we are looking at now



Algebraic proof long and requires ingenuity

Coinductive proof fully automatic

Thank you for your attention!